

Rules of Racing

Effective June 1, 1966

by order of

THE HORSE RACING COMMISSION

of the

PROVINCE OF MANITOBA

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MANITOBA HORSE RACING COMMISSION

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MANITOBA HORSE RACING COMMISSION

RULES OF RACING

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PART 1

**GENERAL DEFINITIONS AND
INTERPRETATIONS**

- 1.** "Commission" means The Horse Racing Commission of the Province of Manitoba.
- 2.** "Association" means a person, association or corporate body, licensed by the Commission to conduct a race meeting.
- 3.** "Meeting" means a horse-racing meeting held in Manitoba with the approval of the Commission.
- 4.** "Publication" means a Commission Directive and any other publication which may from time to time be so designated by the Commission.
- 5.** "Race track" or "track" shall be deemed to mean and include all parts of the plant of an Association.
- 6.** "Stewards" shall be deemed to mean the steward appointed by the Commission and the stewards appointed by the Association, after approval by the Commission.
- 7.** In the Rules, words of the masculine gender include the feminine and the neuter and may refer to a partnership; and words in the singular number include the plural, and in the plural number includes the singular.
- 8.** "Rules" means the Rules of Racing herein prescribed and any amendments thereto, and relate only to thoroughbred racing at all Manitoba race tracks under the jurisdiction of the Commission.

PART 2

RACING DEFINITIONS

9. "Age" is calculated from the first day of January in the year in which a horse is foaled.

10. "Aged horse" means a horse which has attained nine years of age.

11. "Arrears" includes all sums due for entrance money, subscriptions, stakes, forfeits, fines, fees, purchase money in races with claiming conditions, or any default incident to the Rules.

12. "Authorized agent" means an agent appointed by a document signed by the owner and filed each year with and approved by the Commission.

13. "Breeder" means the owner of the dam of a horse at the time of foaling.

14. "Claiming race" is one in which every horse running therein may be claimed in conformity with the Rules.

15. "Canadian bred horse" means one that is foaled in Canada.

16. "Declaring" or "scratching" means the striking of a horse out of an engagement.

17. "Drug" shall mean a substance intended for use in the diagnosis, treatment, mitigation, cure or prevention of disease in human beings or animals and a substance, other than food, intended to affect the structure or any function of the body of a human being or animal.

18. "Entry" means a horse made eligible to run in a race and two or more horses which are entered or run in a race owned by the same owner or trained by the same trainer.

19. "Equipment" means, when applied to a horse, whips, blinkers, tongue straps, muzzles, hoods, nose-bands, bits, shadow rolls, martingales, breast plates, bandages, boots and plates.

20. "Forfeit" means money due because of error, fault, neglect of duty, breach of contract or a penalty.

21. "Forfeit list" is a record of arrears compiled by an Association.

22. "Free handicap" is one in which no liability is incurred for entrance money, stake or forfeit until acceptance of the weight, either directly or through omission to declare out.

23. "Handicap" is a race in which the weights to be carried by the horses are adjusted by the handicapper for the purpose of equalizing their chances of winning.

24. "Horse" means horse, mare, gelding, colt or filly.

25. "Maiden" means a horse which at the time of starting has never won a race on the flat.

26. "Match" is a race between two horses the property of two different owners on terms agreed by them and to which no money or other prize is added; it is void if either party or either horse dies.

27. "Meeting" is the period of time during which races are consecutively run at one race track; a meeting shall not include an agricultural fair or exhibition at which horse racing is not the sole or principal feature.

28. "Nominator" is a person in whose name a horse is entered in any race for which there is a nomination fee.

29. "Overnight race" is one for which the entries close 72 hours (exclusive of Sundays), or less, before the time set for the first race of the day on which such race is to be run.

30. "Owner" includes part owner or lessee.

31. "Post position" means the position assigned to the horse for the start of the race.

32. "Post time" means the time set for the arrival at the starting point of the horses in a race.

33. "Private sweepstakes" is one to which no money is added, and which has not been advertised in any way previous to closing.

34. "Race" means a contest between horses for a stake, a purse or plate, a sweepstakes, a private sweepstakes, a match, or an overnight event, but not a steeplechase or hurdle race, and when an Association decides to run a race in two or more divisions, each division shall be deemed to be a race for the purpose of these Rules.

35. "Scratch time" means the time set by the Association for the closing of applications for permission to withdraw from races of that day.

36. "Subscription" means the act of nominating for a stakes race.

37. "Sweepstakes" or "stakes" is a race declared open to all complying with its conditions, to be fulfilled wholly or in part subsequent to its closing, or in handicaps subsequent to the acceptance of weight, and in which stakes are to be made for each horse engaged. An overnight race, whatever may be in its conditions, shall not be considered a sweepstakes within the meaning of this Rule.

38. "Weight for age" means standard weight according to Rule 441 and remains a weight for age race even though there be penalties and allowances.

39. All definitions in these Rules shall apply as well to Commission Directives.

PART 3

CALCULATION OF TIME

40. When the last day for doing anything under the Rules falls on a Sunday it may be done on the following Monday, unless a race to which such act relates is appointed for that day, in which case it may be done on the previous Saturday.

41. A "month" means a calendar month.

42. A "day" means twenty-four hours ending at midnight.

PART 4

RACING OFFICIALS

43. Before entering upon their duties, the following officials and employees of an Association shall be approved in writing by the Commission: physicians, stewards, racing secretaries, assistant racing secretaries, handicappers, starters and their assistants, placing judges, clerks of the scales, paddock and patrol judges, timers, jockey room custodians and such other officials and employees of an Association as the Commission may direct from time to time.

44. All racing officials and employees of the Commission and all Associations shall promptly report to the stewards all observed violations of the Rules.

45. No employee of the Commission or racing official, shall wager on the outcome of a race, or advise, for monetary reward or otherwise, anyone on the probable outcome of a race.

PART 5

REGULATIONS FOR RACE MEETINGS

46. The number of starters in any overnight event shall be limited by the width of the track at the starting post, the maximum number to be determined by the stewards. The number of starters shall be reduced to the proper number by lot, or by division, also by lot, of the race, at the option of the Association.

47. Each Association shall have in attendance at each race track at which horses are being raced or exercised adequate man-ambulances and horse-ambulances, staffed with adequate personnel to render first aid and transport injured persons or horses to the closest place available for medical or veterinary treatment, as the case may be; such ambulances shall be placed at an entrance to the racing-strip.

48. No person shall enter a horse in his name which is not his actual property.

49. The time set by an Association on the official clock shall be post time for each race.

50. Races shall be run by Associations no longer than 30 minutes apart on week-days and no longer than 35 minutes apart on Saturdays and holidays but in the event of emergency, such times may be extended by the stewards.

51. The laws of the Province of Manitoba and the Rules shall supersede the conditions of a race and the regulations of an Association.

52. All rulings of Racing Boards and Commissions who are members or associate members of the National Association of State Racing Commissioners will be honoured by the Commission as taking effect in Manitoba and all associations and their officials and employees shall honour such rulings and rulings of other racing jurisdictions in Canada.

PART 6

DISCRETIONARY POWERS

53. When there is no specified penalty for violations of the Rules or of the regulations of the course, the Commission has power to disqualify, fine, suspend, expel from the course, rule off, or otherwise punish.

54. The Commission may impose in its absolute discretion any or all the following penalties for conduct prejudicial to the best interests of racing, or for a violation of the Rules:

- (a) Refuse an offender admission to the grounds of an Association;
- (b) Expel an offender from the grounds of an Association;
- (c) Suspend any Commission licensee for any length of time it may deem proper;
- (d) Impose a fine not exceeding \$10,000.00;
- (e) Rule an offender off the turf for any length of time it may deem proper.

55. If any case occurs which is not or which is alleged not to be provided for by the Rules, it shall be determined by the stewards or the Commission, as the case may be, in such manner as they think just and conformable to the usages of the turf.

PART 7

ASSOCIATIONS

56. At the close of each meeting, each racing association shall report to the Commission the handle, paid attendance, total purses paid, government revenue and association revenue for each meeting.

PART 8

STEWARDS

57. The stewards shall consist of the Commission steward, and other stewards to be nominated by the Association holding the meeting and approved by the Commission.

58. The stewards shall assume their powers and duties at one minute after midnight on the day before the first day of each meeting and such powers and duties shall continue until the appointment of stewards for the first race-meeting held under the jurisdiction of the commission in the next calendar year.

59. Subject to the powers and duties of the Commission, the stewards have power and it is their duty to regulate and govern the conduct of all racing, racing officials and owners, trainers, jockeys, grooms and all persons attendant upon horses.

60. Subject to the powers and duties of the Commission, the stewards have power to interpret the Rules and to decide all questions not specifically covered by them.

61. In the performance of their duties, the stewards shall have reasonable control over and unrestricted access to all buildings, stables, rooms and all other places within the grounds of any Association.

62. In all matters pertaining to racing, the orders of the stewards shall supersede the orders of the officers, directors and officials of the Association.

63. All entries, declarations and scratches shall be under the control and supervision of the stewards.

64. All questions to be decided by the stewards shall be determined by a majority vote, and if the stewards are an even number the commission steward shall give a casting vote.

65. The stewards may impose any of or all the following penalties for conduct prejudicial to the best interests of racing, or for a violation of the Rules:

- (a) Refuse an offender admission to the grounds of an Association;
- (b) Expel an offender from the grounds of an Association;
- (c) Suspend any Commission licensee for a maximum period of 30 days or the duration of the meeting, whichever is the longer;
- (d) Impose a fine not exceeding \$200;
- (e) Prohibit any Commission licensee from driving a motor vehicle in the stable area.

66. Should the stewards consider the penalties set out in Rule 65 inadequate for the offence committed, they shall immediately so report in writing to the Commission by prepaid mail.

67. The stewards may demand proof that a horse is not disqualified in any particular race or that it is not entered, owned or trained, in whole or in part, by a disqualified person, and in default of satisfactory proof, the stewards may disqualify the horse.

68. The stewards may require of any owner that he take a statutory declaration attesting to his bona fide ownership of a horse that purports to be owned by him.

69. The stewards may examine or order the Commission Veterinarian to examine and report upon any horse on the grounds of any Association, whether or not a meeting is being held on such grounds.

70. One of the stewards shall be on duty from 30 minutes before scratch time until after the drawing of post positions.

71. The stewards may approve the substitution of a jockey to ride any horse in a race.

72. It is the responsibility of the stewards to get the horses to the post at post time.

73. The stewards shall promptly investigate any protest or complaint properly made to them and render their decision as quickly as possible and forthwith report the subject matter of the protest or complaint and their disposition of it to the Commission by prepaid mail. Should the stewards not have come to a decision within 72 hours of the time of the institution of the investigation, it shall be accepted by all persons concerned that the stewards have taken no action and imposed no penalty, and the stewards shall take no action and impose no penalty after the expiry of the 72 hours mentioned; provided, however, that in such case, the Commission may review the deliberations of the stewards and make such order and impose such penalties as it may deem just.

74. The Commission Steward shall be the representative of the Commission on the grounds of the Association when it is conducting a race meeting and shall report all infractions of the Rules and actions of the stewards as may be required from time to time by the Commission or as he may deem advisable.

75. The Commission Steward shall pronounce the decisions of the stewards.

76. When the stewards order a horse scratched for reasons having to do with the physical condition of the horse, it shall be placed on the Commission Veterinarian's List, and shall not race again until it is certified to the stewards by the Commission Veterinarian to be fit, sound and ready for racing.

77. (a) The stewards may permit a horse to be excused from parading with the other horses and be led to the post, but such horse shall nevertheless pass the stewards' stand on its way to the post.

(b) Lead ponies and their riders shall be permitted to enter the saddling paddock or walking ring only with the permission of the stewards.

78. The stewards shall confirm the decision of the placing judges as to the result of every race by declaring the result official, and the word, "Official" shall be flashed or otherwise placed on the totalisator board, in a manner in which it may be clearly seen from any part of the grandstand.

79. The stewards may appoint one of their number to supervise the start of any race.

80. Every complaint against an official shall be made to the stewards in writing signed by the complainant.

81. The Commission has power, as it may think proper, to make and, if necessary, to vary all arrangements for the conduct of a meeting.

82. Any owner or trainer who wishes to change equipment shall apply for permission to one of the stewards before 10:00 a.m. on the day of the race, and no such change shall be made without such permission.

83. The stewards may place the name of any horse on the Stewards' List for any reason they may deem to be proper. During the time a horse's name is on such list, it shall not race, nor shall it be entered in any race, except that it may be nominated in a stakes race. Only the stewards shall remove a horse's name from the Stewards' List.

84. The stewards shall have the authority to declare a race no contest or to declare that a horse is not a starter if they shall determine that any occurrence before the running of such race calls for such action by them.

85. There shall be one Commission steward and two Association stewards. If for any reason, only two stewards are present when a vote is taken, and the vote is a tie, the Commission steward shall have an extra vote to break the tie.

PART 9

COMMISSION VETERINARIAN

86. Except in case of extreme emergency, only Veterinarians licensed by the Commission, during the racing season, may treat or prescribe for horses registered for racing under the jurisdiction of the Commission.

87. During the period of his employment, the Commission Veterinarian shall not, without the approval of the Commission, diagnose, treat or prescribe for any horse, for compensation or otherwise, except in case of emergency when he may do so without compensation of any kind.

88. On the morning of each day of racing, the Commission Veterinarian shall familiarize himself with the physical condition of all horses entered for racing that day, and if, in his opinion, a horse is not fit, sound and ready for racing, he shall recommend to the stewards that it be scratched and the stewards shall take such action as they deem fit.

89. The Commission Veterinarian shall be continuously in the paddock from the time the horses enter the paddock until they leave, and all horses shall be inspected by him. If in his opinion, any horse is not fit, sound and ready for racing, he shall recommend to the stewards that it be scratched and the stewards shall take such action as they deem fit.

90. The Commission Veterinarian shall inspect all horses which have been involved in an accident as quickly as possible after the accident and provide appropriate emergency treatment.

91. If in the opinion of the Commission Veterinarian an injured horse should be destroyed, he shall destroy the horse quickly and humanely out of sight of the public unless any delay will prolong the suffering of the horse.

92. The Commission Veterinarian shall keep a list to be called the Commission Veterinarian's List (colloquially "The Vet's List") upon which will be entered the name of any horse which the Commission Veterinarian deems unfit, unsound or not ready for racing. During the time a horse's name is on such list, it shall not race, nor shall it be entered in any race, except that it may be nominated in a stakes race. Only the Commission Veterinarian shall remove a horse's name from the Commission Veterinarian's List.

93. (a) Any owner or trainer whose horses have been placed on the Commission Veterinarian's List may apply at any time to the Commission Veterinarian for his examination of such horses, and such examination shall be conducted within 24 hours of the request for it, provided that the horses are stabled at the track.

(b) The Commission Veterinarian shall observe the horse so examined standing in its stall, walking and trotting. Should the horseman require the horse to be trotted on a racing strip, this shall be done, and should the horseman require the horse to be worked on a racing strip, this shall likewise be done.

- (c) The Commission Veterinarian shall not require a horse to be worked on a racing strip for more than 3 furlongs but, if a horseman wishes his horse worked for a longer distance, this shall be done.

94. If during 48 hours before a race in which a horse is entered, it is necessary for any reason to administer any drug internally to such horse, the owner, trainer or groom who has the care and control of such horse, shall immediately report the matter fully to the Commission Veterinarian who shall immediately report the matter to the stewards, and the stewards shall scratch such horse or permit it to run, as they may deem proper.

95. If the Veterinarian licensed by the Commission is called to diagnose or treat such a horse as described in the Rule No. 94 hereof, he shall as soon as conveniently may be report the matter fully to the Commission Veterinarian who in turn shall report the matter to the stewards.

PART 10

MEDICATION AND DRUGS

96. The winner of every race and such other horses as the stewards may designate shall be sent immediately after each race to the testing enclosure or to the horses stall for examination by the Commission Veterinarian for the taking of specimens of urine or blood and such other examinations as may be directed.

97. The trainer or his representatives shall be present in the the testing enclosure "or stall" when the saliva or other specimen is taken from a horse under his care and shall remain until the sample tag attached to the specimen shall be signed by him as a witness to the taking of the specimen.

98. No other person shall be admitted to the testing enclosure "or stall" except the staff immediately in charge of such work, members of the Commission, the stewards, the Commission Veterinarian, a representative of the Association and such other persons as may be authorized in writing by the Commission.

99. The Commission Veterinarian may take samples of any medicine or other materials suspected to contain improper medication or drugs which would affect the racing condition of a horse in a race, which may be found in the stables or elsewhere on the grounds of any Association or in the possession of any person connected with racing, and he shall have such samples analyzed.

100. If the stewards find that any drug has been administered to a horse before a race, they shall impose such penalty and take such action as they may deem proper, against any person found by them to have administered, or attempted to administer such drug.

101. The trainer, groom and any other person having charge, custody or care of a horse, is obliged properly to protect the horse and guard it against the administration of any harmful medication or drug, or any medication or drug which may change or may be thought to change

the form of a horse, and if they should fail to protect and guard the horse, they will be regarded as responsible as a person who administered such medication or drug; and in a case where the stewards find a failure properly to protect the horse, they shall impose such penalty and take such action as they may deem proper and shall immediately refer the matter to the Commission.

102. When the Analyst to whom the test has been submitted certifies that a test is positive, the owner of such horse shall be denied, or shall promptly return, as the case may be, any portion of the prize or sweepstakes and any trophy in such race and it will be redistributed, but such order shall be made only by the Commission when its investigation into the positive test has been completed.

103. (i) When the stewards receive a written report from the Analyst that a positive urine or saliva test has been found, they shall at once summon the trainer and such security officer or officers of the Racing Association as they choose to assist them, to contact the foreman of the stable, the groom or grooms, and any other employees of the trainer who may have had contact with the horse from which a positive test was obtained. The trainer, foreman, grooms, and such other employees shall appear before the stewards forthwith in order that they shall not have an opportunity to discuss this matter among themselves before they are questioned.

- (ii) After the stewards have informed the trainer of the positive test they shall request the security officer or officers whom they have chosen to assist them to accompany the trainer to the stable and to conduct, in the presence of the trainer, a thorough search of the trainer's barn, automobile, and any other vehicles which he may have in his possession or under his control. The stewards shall continue their investigation taking statements from all persons who may have knowledge of the matter.
- (iii) As a result of the evidence gathered, the Stewards shall inform the trainer as follows;
 - A. that his case is being referred to the Commission and that until the Commission hears the case he will be able to continue with his business, except that he may not enter the horse in respect of whom the positive test was obtained, until the Commission has finally disposed of the matter; or
 - B. that he has been suspended and that his case has been referred to the Commission. In this case none of the horses in the trainer's custody shall be allowed to start until such time as the Commission has finally disposed of the matter or until the horses have been turned over to other trainers approved by the Stewards.

- (iv) The Stewards, as soon as they have completed their investigation, shall forward to the Commission written transcripts of all oral statements, together with all relevant documents and other items of evidence, in order that they may be used by the Commission in conducting its hearing.
- (v) The Stewards shall inform the Racing Association concerned as expeditiously as possible of their actions and that the matter has been referred to the Commission.

PART 11

OFFICIAL TIMER

104. An Official Timer, to be appointed by the Association and approved by the Commission, shall accurately time each race and shall cause such time to be posted and announced.

105. (a) Said Timer shall attend at the Association race track daily for morning workouts and shall time all such workouts and make public the length of time of the workouts.

- (b) Every Commission Licensee exercising a horse, upon request of an official timer, shall correctly identify the horse he is exercising and shall state the distance over which such horse is to be worked and the point on the race track where it is intended to start the workout.

PART 12

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE FILM PATROL

106. Moving picture films of the races will be screened at the racetrack where racing is being conducted at 10:30 a.m. on the next following racing day in a room or place to be designated by the Stewards.

107. All Commission licensees, members of the Press and members of the public may attend these screenings.

108. Only one public screening of any race will be made for Commission licensees, members of the Press or public provided, however, that if the Executive Committee of the H.B.P.A. requests a special showing of the film of any race, such film will be screened for them at or about the time of the public screening of the films of the previous day's racing.

109. Should the Stewards so require, the starter and the patrol judges shall all attend a screening of the films for the races of the preceding racing day at such time and place selected by the Stewards.

110. The films of the Film Patrol shall not be shown, given or sold to anyone without permission of the stewards.

PART 13

RACING SECRETARY and HANDICAPPER

111. The racing secretary shall compile the official programme which shall contain the following information: the date, the number

of the day of the meeting, the name of the Association and the officers and officials of the meeting, the order in which the races are to be run, the amount of each purse, the conditions and distance of each race, the post position number, the mutuel number, name, age, colour, sex, breeding and assigned weight or any change in equipment of each horse, the name of each jockey and trainer, the real or stable name of each owner and his racing colours. The programme may contain other pertinent data.

112. The racing secretary shall keep a list of all horses excluded from races because of too many entries and they shall have preference in any race in which they may be entered; this shall be known as the Preferred List.

113. Horses which have been excluded from races shall be given a preference the next time they are entered, provided they are entered in a race of a similar distance (less than a mile, or a mile or over) and for a similar claiming price. Should a horse be excluded twice he shall receive preference over a horse excluded once, and so on.

114. The second part of an entry if running in different ownership to the first part, shall receive preference over an "in today" on the also eligible list in case the race underfills. If the entry is of the same ownership and the race underfills the second horse and the "in today" will draw to get into the race.

115. (a) The preferred list shall be posted daily at 2:00 p.m. and all claims of error shall be made within 20 hours there-

after, or by 10:00 a.m. the next racing day, and any claim not made within the time limit shall not be recognized by the stewards.

- (b) If a horse is on the preferred list, the owner, trainer or agent must so notify the entry clerk at the time of entry, who shall mark the entry "Preferred". A claim of error cannot be corrected by the stewards if the entry is not marked "Preferred".

116. When a horse's name appears in the entries and it has an opportunity to start other than in a stakes race and is entered the following day, such entry will be deemed to be an "in today" and will be given no consideration unless the race underfills, nor shall it be given any consideration on the preferred list.

117. The racing secretary shall receive all entries and declarations, and keep a complete record of all races. Each day after the entries have been closed, it shall be the duty of the racing secretary to designate persons from owners or trainers present in the entry office to draw the entry sheets and post position numbers. In every case, the number ball shall be shaken from the number box, determining the post position, before an entry is drawn from its approved receptacle.

118. The racing secretary shall, in the interests of orderly racing, keep himself thoroughly informed concerning such forfeits as may be authoritatively listed. The forfeit list shall be compiled and kept accessible at all times to the other officials of the meeting, as shall all

other information in his possession that is required for the orderly conduct of the meeting.

119. The racing secretary shall maintain all ownership records in accordance with the Rules and the direction of the Commission.

120. The racing secretary shall each morning, as soon as the entries have been closed and compiled, and the declarations have been made, post in a conspicuous place in his office a list of the entries and declarations.

121. The handicapper, who may be the racing secretary, shall be appointed by the Association and he shall:

- (a) Assign the weights to be carried by each horse in a handicap;
- (b) Append to the weights for every handicap the day and hour for which winners will be liable to weight penalty;
- (c) If there are no penalties, append that fact to the weights;
- (d) In case of omission, through error, of the name or weight of a horse duly entered, rectify the omission.

PART 14

CLERK OF THE SCALES

122. The clerk of the scales or his assistant shall weight all jockeys out and in.

123. The clerk of the scales shall record and publish on the notice board any over-weight or any change of jockey, weight, or racing colours, as compared with those stated on the official programme and shall promptly inform the appropriate racing officials of all pertinent changes.

124. The clerk of the scales shall promptly report to the stewards any infraction of the Rules with respect to weight, weighing, or riding equipment.

125. The clerk of the scales shall report to the racing secretary at the end of each racing day, the weights carried by each horse in each race, together with the name of each horse's jockey and the over-weight carried by any jockey. He shall also report the post time in each race and other information which may from time to time be required.

126. All jockeys taking part in a race must be weighed out by the clerk of the scales, not less than 10 minutes before the time fixed for the race (the horse in each instance being specified) and the number of the horse shall be exhibited officially as soon as possible, and they shall be weighed in after the race.

127. The jockey shall declare the amount of overweight to the clerk of the scales at least 45 minutes before the time appointed for the race, and the clerk shall have the overweight posted immediately on the notice board, or announced over the loud speaker system. Failure on the part of any jockey to comply with this Rule shall be reported to the stewards.

128. Five pounds is the limit of the overweight any horse is allowed to carry.

PART 15

JOCKEY ROOM CUSTODIAN

129. The custodian shall see to it that no person other than the members of the Commission

and the stewards, or a designated representative of the Commission and the necessary jockey room attendants, is admitted to the jockey room on a day of racing without the express permission of the stewards for each time of entry.

130. The custodian shall oversee the care and storage of all racing colours for the duration of a meeting, loss by fire and theft excepted.

131. The custodian shall oversee the jockey attendants and arrange their rotation among jockeys in the matter of weighing out.

132. The custodian shall see to it that no jockey attendant, not approved by the stewards is permitted to assist any jockey at any time.

133. The custodian shall see to it that jockeys are neat in appearance and are attired according to the Rules when they leave the jockey room to ride in a race.

134. The custodian shall report to the stewards any irregularities or violation of the Rules that occur within his knowledge.

PART 16

THE STARTER

135. Only the starter or a deputy approved by the stewards may start a race.

136. The starter shall give all orders and take all measures necessary to ensure a fair start.

137. The starter's decision as to the validity of a start shall be final; likewise his decision as to whether or not a horse was locked in the gate shall be final.

138. In case the alignment of the horses at the post is delayed, the starter may permit jockeys to dismount and their mounts to be attended.

139. Horses shall take their positions in numerical order from the inside rail, that order to be determined by post positions.

140. When a race is started without a gate, there shall be no start until and no recall after an assistant starter has dropped his flag in answer to the direction of the starter.

141. If no stall gate is used, each horse is entitled to a reasonable portion of the width of the track.

142. If the starter or his assistant are unable, after reasonable efforts, to place a horse in the gate for a satisfactory start, or if the horse is fractious or unruly, the starter may order that horse placed outside the gate, behind the starting line, and such horse shall be denied the right of entry until reinstated.

143. The starter shall maintain a schooling list, and horses shall be schooled to barrier or starting gate, if and when required under the personal supervision of the starter or his assistants.

144. Only the starter shall have the authority to designate the horses which shall constitute the schooling list.

145. The starter shall file a copy of the schooling list with the racing secretary.

146. The starter shall report to the racing secretary as soon as a horse on the list has been schooled sufficiently to be permitted to start.

147. Except in stakes, a horse will not be eligible to start until the starter orders the name to be stricken from his schooling list.

148. The starter may fine or suspend a jockey for disobedience of his orders at the starting point or for attempting any unfair advantage, but a fine by the starter shall not exceed \$200.00 and suspension by the starter shall not take effect until the second day after his ruling, nor shall it extend beyond ten days after the last day of the meeting.

149. The starter shall report in writing to the stewards and to the racing secretary all fines and suspensions which he has imposed and no fines or suspensions, so reported, shall be modified other than by the Commission.

150. Neither the starter nor his assistants shall mistreat or use abusive language to a jockey.

151. The starter's approval of the starting ability of all two-year olds shall be obtained before they may be permitted to start. Likewise, his approval must be obtained for all older horses which have never started at a Manitoba track. A horse which has refused to leave a starting gate on any track outside of Manitoba must be schooled to the satisfaction of the stewards and starter before being entered in a race.

152. If a horse is locked in the gate the starter shall immediately notify the stewards who shall order the horse scratched.

153. All races shall be started from a starting gate approved by the Commission, but by permission of the stewards, in the event of emergency, the stewards may permit a race to be started without a starting gate, or may permit a race to be started with a starting gate with its doors open.

154. In the event of there being more starters than the starting gate will accommodate, the surplus shall be started from outside the starting gate, and if any owner has more than one starter, only one of such starters shall start in the starting gate.

155. If any horse of an entry or any horse grouped in the mutuel field leaves the starting gate in a valid start, such horse shall be regarded as a starter.

156. At all starts, Associations shall have at the starting gate a tractor or a team of draught horses to haul the starting gate off the racing strip, and in addition, for emergency purposes, an extra tractor or an extra team of draught horses.

157. Assistant starters are forbidden to exercise horses during the Manitoba racing season.

PART 17

TIMERS AND CLOCKERS

158. There shall be one or more timers. They shall determine the official time of each race.

159. When an electronic timing device is used the races shall also be timed with stopwatches.

160. The time of each race shall be announced and prominently displayed.

161. A written report of the time of each race shall be made to the clerk of the scales for his report to the racing secretary.

162. Before the commencement of racing each year, all timers approved by the Commission shall have all their watches tested for accuracy by a watchmaker approved by the Commission and a certificate of accuracy shall be forwarded to the Commission before any timer assumes his duties.

163. Clockers shall not be permitted access to the stabling area of any race track unless they are licensed by the Commission. They shall restrict their activities to such parts of the race track as may be designated by the Association concerned.

PART 18

THE PADDOCK JUDGE

164. It is the duty of the paddock judge to check all horses for every race and to have all horses properly identified.

165. The paddock judge shall keep a record of all equipment carried by all horses in all races, permitting no change in equipment not authorized by the stewards.

166. The paddock judge shall, in every race, require the plater in attendance in the paddock to see to it that all horses are properly shod. The paddock judge shall report immediately to the stewards the findings of the plater.

167. The paddock judge shall report any irregularities to the stewards.

168. All horses shall be saddled in the paddock or walking ring unless the stewards permit otherwise.

PART 19

PLACING JUDGES AND PHOTO FINISH CAMERA

169. Two or more placing judges shall occupy the placing judges' stand at the time the horses pass the winning post in every race, and their duty shall be to place and record the first five horses or as many more as they think proper in the order of finish.

170. The placing judges shall cause to be prominently displayed the numbers of the first four horses in each race in order of finish.

171. When the placing judges differ in their placements, the majority shall prevail; if there is no majority, the stewards' decision shall prevail.

172. The placing judges shall make public their decisions as promptly as possible.

173. On all tracks a proper camera shall be installed as an aid to the placing judges; however, in all cases, the camera is merely an aid and the decision of the judges shall be final.

174. Associations shall keep on file for the duration of each meeting each plate or film of each race for reference or reproduction upon request of the Commission.

175. If it is considered advisable to consult a picture from the photo finish camera for other than first place, the placing judges shall post, without waiting for the picture, such placements as are in their opinions unquestionable.

176. In determining the places of the horses at the finish of a race, the placing judges shall consider only the relative position of the respective noses of such horses.

177. Nothing in the Rules shall be construed to prevent the placing judges with the approval of the stewards, from correcting an error before the display of the "Official" sign or from recalling the "Official" sign in case it has been displayed through error.

178. Photo finish photographs shall not be released to anyone for publication without permission of the stewards, except to the Association for its public display at the race track at which racing is being conducted.

PART 20

PATROL JUDGES

179. Each Association shall appoint two or more patrol judges.

180. Immediately after the running of each race, all patrol judges shall at once make an oral report to the stewards whether or not they

observed any infractions of the Rules or observed any other circumstances regarding the behaviour of horses or jockeys. The stewards shall receive such report before the placements are made official.

181. A written report confirming, modifying or changing such oral report shall be made to the stewards within 30 minutes after post time of the last race of the day and forwarded by them to the Commission.

182. Each Association shall provide telephone or other approved communication between each station of the patrol judges and the stewards' stand.

183. The stewards shall direct the placing of the patrol judges at points of vantage about the race track.

PART 21

OUTRIDERS

184. There shall be two outriders at all tracks while racing is being conducted and one of them shall be on duty during training hours.

185. An outrider shall not have any other employment during the meeting for which he is employed.

PART 22

LICENSES

186. No Association shall operate a race track at which racing is conducted without payment in advance of a daily license fee for the days upon which racing is to be conducted by the Association.

187. No person shall operate as an Association racing official, Association employee, owner, owner-trainer, trainer, jockey, apprentice jockey, jockey agent, jockey's valet or stable employee, nor shall anyone practise his profession, trade or calling on a race track without an annual license issued to him by the Commission, and the Association shall issue a pass to the holder of each license.

188. Unless an owner has a horse registered with the Association, his license shall be invalid for the purposes of Rule 187 and he shall on demand forfeit his license to the stewards and he shall not apply for another owner's license or for the return of the forfeited owner's license until he has a horse registered with the Association.

189. Any licensee of the Commission shall on demand furnish the Commission with his fingerprints and photograph.

190. The license fee to be paid to the Commission by an Association shall be determined by the Commission from time to time.

191. The license fees to be paid to the Commission by other personnel concerned in racing are set out as follows:

Owners (Including registration of colours, partnerships and leases)	\$10.00
Owner-Trainers	20.00
Trainers	10.00
Jockeys	10.00
Apprentice Jockeys	5.00
Jockey Agents	5.00

Veterinarian	10.00
Stable Names	10.00
Authorized agents (for each person represented)	2.00
All others, including jockey's valets, exercise boys, stable employees, pari-mutuel employees, concession employees, etc.	2.00

192. No employee or licensee of the Commission or employee of any Association shall give to anyone, directly or indirectly, for reward or any other consideration, any information or advice pertaining to a race for the purpose of influencing any person, or that would tend to do so, in the making of a wager on any horse in any race.

193. No Commission licensee shall be mounted on a horse on the racing strip of a race or training track unless he is wearing a safety helmet.

194. No exercise boy shall ride a horse on the grounds of any race track unless he is wearing a safety helmet.

195. No trainer shall permit an exercise boy to ride any horse under his care unless such exercise boy is wearing a safety helmet.

196. The safety helmet mentioned in Rules 193 to 195 inclusive shall be of a type approved by the Commission.

PART 23

VETERINARIANS

197. Veterinarians licensed by the Commission shall keep complete records of their administration of any medicament to any horse campaigning in Manitoba.

198. These records shall show the name and tattoo number of the horse, the names of the owner and trainer, the date and time of the administration of the drug or medicament and the nature of the medicament administered.

199. Such veterinarians may use a code word for the nature of the drug or medicament administered.

200. Such records may be inspected only by the Commission Veterinarian.

201. If a veterinarian administers a drug to a horse, he shall certify in writing that he has done so; he shall state the reason for the administration of such drug; he shall state how long in his opinion the horse should be out of competition; and he shall give a copy of the form to the trainer of the horse and another copy to the stewards.

PART 24

OWNERS

202. An owner may register with the racing secretary of each Association all his horses stating the name, colour, sex, age and breeding of each.

203. If an owner changes trainers, he shall notify the racing secretary and cause the new trainer to sign his name on the owner's registration.

204. No owner shall employ a jockey for the purpose of preventing him from riding in any race.

205. No owner shall accept, directly or indirectly, any bribe, gift or gratuity in any form which might influence the result of any race, or tend to do so.

206. An owner shall be responsible for the eligibility of horses personally entered by him.

207. Each applicant for an owner's license may be required to satisfy the Commission of his financial responsibility and shall maintain his financial responsibility so long as he is licensed by the Commission.

208. No owner shall move or permit to be moved any horse owned by him from the grounds of an Association if forbidden to do so by the stewards.

209. When an owner is suspended, all his horses are likewise suspended from participation in racing and such suspensions will be rescinded automatically upon the expiration of the suspensions or by the Commission if such horses are sold in good faith to a private purchaser or at public auction.

210. A licensed trainer may apply for a license on behalf of an owner he represents by signing the application for the owner's license as if he had a power of attorney from such owner, for example:

John Doe, Owner, per Richard Roe, Trainer
(Signature of Applicant)

PART 25

TRAINERS

211. No trainer shall apply for a license except under his own name.

212. Subject to the provisions of Rule 202, a trainer shall register with the racing secretary of each Association all horses in his charge stating the name, colour, sex, age and breeding of each.

213. A trainer may represent the owner in the matter of entries, declarations, and the employment of jockeys.

214. A trainer shall have his horse in the paddock, and shall be present to supervise its saddling, unless he has obtained permission of a steward to send another trainer as a substitute.

215. A trainer shall have his horse in the paddock at the time appointed.

216. When a trainer is to be absent for more than one week from his stable or the race track upon which his horses are racing and are entered or are to be entered, he shall appoint a substitute trainer to assume full res

ponsibility for the horses in his care. Both the regular trainer and the substitute trainer shall sign a form attesting to such an arrangement in the presence of the stewards.

217. A trainer shall be responsible for the condition of a horse trained by him.

218. Upon any occupational licensee leaving an owner's or trainer's employ, the trainer shall notify the Commission Clerk accordingly, and shall return the licensee's license and the Association pass issued to him.

219. A trainer shall be responsible for the eligibility of horses entered by him.

220. No trainer shall enter or start, and no Commission Veterinarian shall pass a horse as fit, sound and ready for racing if such horse:

- (a) Is a chronic bleeder; that is, any horse which bleeds in a race or workout after having been treated for bleeding previously in the same calendar year in a race or workout;
- (b) Has been nerved, provided, however, that:
 - (i) A horse that has had a digital neurectomy (been heel-nerved) may be permitted to race if it has full use of all its joints in the leg in which the operation was performed;
 - (ii) A horse that has ben nerved, blocked with alcohol or any other drug or medicant that de-sensitizes the nerves above the ankle will be deemed to have been nerved within the meaning of this Rule;
- (c) Has impaired eyesight in both eyes;

(d) Has been given a drug within 48 hours before a race in which it runs.

221. A trainer shall not have in his charge or under his supervision any horse owned, in whole or in part, by a disqualified person.

222. No trainer shall accept, directly or indirectly, any bribe, gift or gratuity in any form which might influence the result of any race or tend to do so.

223. No trainer shall move or permit to be moved any horse in his care from the ground of an Association if forbidden to do so by the stewards.

224. No trainer shall employ a jockey for the purpose of preventing him from riding in any race.

225. A trainer shall report promptly to the Commission Veterinarian the sickness of any of the horses in his charge, unless the owner who has engaged him has done so.

PART 26

JOCKEYS

226. No jockey shall be an owner of any race horse, in whole or in part.

227. A jockey shall not ride or agree to ride in any race without the consent of the owner or trainer to whom he is under contract.

228. Jockeys are required to present themselves to be weighed out at the time fixed by the clerk of the scales.

229. All jockeys shall faithfully fulfill all engagements in respect to racing.

230. A jockey shall not ride in any race against a starter of his contract employer unless his mount and his contract employer's starter are both in the hands of the same trainer.

231. In riding a race a jockey shall be neat in appearance. All riders shall be dressed in clean jockey costume, cap and jacket of silk, satin or waterproof material and stock tie, white or light breeches and top boots. In all races, jockeys shall wear safety helmets of a type approved by the Commission.

232. Jockeys shall not wear spurs.

233. Jockeys' whips shall not exceed 28 inches in length including the feathers on the whip and all whips shall have feathers attached to them in such manner as is approved by the stewards.

234. A jockey shall wear the colours of the owner of the horse he is riding (except by special permission of the stewards) and any change of colours shall be announced to the public.

235. Every jockey who is engaged to ride in a race shall report to the scale room on the day of the race at the time required by the officials. He shall then report his engagements and overweight, if any, to the clerk of the scales, and thereafter shall not leave the jockey room (except to view the races from a point approved by the stewards, or to ride in a race), until all of his engagements of the day have been fulfilled.

236. If in the opinion of the Association's physician any jockey is unfit to ride, he shall so inform the stewards, who shall excuse such jockey from all riding engagements made by him for that day and they may, in addition take such disciplinary action as they may deem fit against such jockey.

237. The Commission may at any time order a thorough physical examination of any jockey by a physician appointed by the Commission or the Association.

238. No jockey shall make a bet on any race nor accept a promise or token of any bet, with respect to the race in which he is riding, except through or from the owner or trainer of the horse he rides, and then only on that horse.

239. In a dead heat, the jockeys involved shall be entitled to jockey's fees as if each horse had beaten the other.

240. A jockey who is under suspension shall not be permitted to fulfill his engagements in stakes races.

241. The suspension of a jockey for an offence not involving fraud shall begin not later than the second day after the ruling. A suspension for fraud shall be made immediately the fraud is discovered and shall take effect immediately after the ruling.

242. A jockey temporarily suspended may be permitted to exercise or gallop horses during the morning hours and to have access to the stabling area unless otherwise stated in the suspension ruling.

243. Each jockey may have one agent and no more. All engagements to ride, other than those for his contract employer, shall be made by his agent.

244. No jockey shall have an agent other than one provided by the Association. Stewards' attendants shall be paid from an agent's share collected from the jockeys.

245. Employers retaining the same jockey shall have precedence according to priority of their retainers as specified in the contract.

246. Where a jockey's name appears on a programme, at least one of his Christian names (or a diminutive of it, for instance, "Teddy" for "Theodore") shall appear before his surname.

247. Any change of a jockey shall be decided by the stewards and promptly and publicly posted and announced.

248. Every owner or trainer who receives an engagement slip, upon making entry, shall include the name of the jockey who is to ride his horse or, if this is not possible, he shall furnish the engagement slip by some other person. If no jockey has been named by some other person, the stewards shall name the jockey to ride the horse.

PART 27

APPRENTICE JOCKEYS

249. Any male between the ages of sixteen and twenty-five who has never been licensed as a jockey in any country, and has no legal free will, and if under eighteen years of age

with the written consent of his father (or mother or guardian), bound himself to an owner or trainer for a period of from three to five years by written contract approved by the stewards may claim in all overnight races, except handicaps, the following allowances:

- (a) Five pounds until he has ridden 40 winners; if he has ridden 40 winners prior to the end of one year from date of riding his first winner, the five pounds allowance shall be continued until the end of that year.
- (b) After completion of the above conditions, for one year he may claim three pounds when riding horses owned by his original contract employer, provided his contract has not been transferred or sold since he rode his first winner.
- (c) The holder of the contract at the time the boy rides his first winner shall be considered the original contract employers.

250. A copy of all apprentice jockey contracts, wherever made, shall be filed with the Commission.

251. Upon the assignment of any apprentice jockey contract, a memorandum of such assignment shall be recorded with the Commission by both the assignor and the assignee forthwith upon the execution of such assignment.

252. No apprentice shall ride in a race for two-year-olds without permission of the stewards.

253. No apprentice shall carry a whip in a race until he has ridden in at least five races and then only with the permission of the stewards.

254. At the time of entry, only the contract employer may name an apprentice jockey and claim the allowance without an engagement slip.

255. No licensed owner shall have more than one apprentice jockey, unless permitted to do so by the Commission.

PART 28

JOCKEY AGENTS

256. No jockey agent shall act at the same time for more than two jockeys and one apprentice jockey.

257. No jockey agent shall make or assist in making any engagement for any rider other than those he represents.

258. All jockey agents must have in their possession engagements books and all engagements made for jockeys by agents will be by the use of the said books. All owners or trainers seeking the aid of jockeys' agents in making engagements for riders of their entries must obtain a slip from the jockey's agent specifying therein whether or not they have first or second call on the services of the jockey names therein. Such calls must be declared at the time of entry and riders named when the races are called. Failure to file a slip forfeits all claim to a rider.

250. All rival claims for the services of a jockey shall be adjudged and settled by the stewards.

251. Should any jockey agent cease to be an agent for any jockey, such jockey agent shall promptly notify the stewards accordingly.

252. Should any jockey wish to change his agent, he may do so only with the permission of the stewards.

253. The stewards shall notify the Commission of all agents they have recommended for licenses and shall keep the Commission advised of all changes in jockey agents' recommendations of jockeys and jockey agents who leave Manitoba.

PART 29

STABLE NAMES

254. Stable names or changes of stable names shall be registered with the Commission.

255. A stable name shall not be used unless previously registered and remains in effect only during the year for which the fee is paid.

256. A stable name may be changed at any time by registering a new stable name.

257. No one shall register as his stable name any name which has been already registered by any other person, or the real name of any owner or agent, or the name of any prominent person not owning race horses.

267. Any person who has registered a stable name may, at any time, abandon it by giving written notice at the office of the Commission after which all entries which have been made in the stable name shall be altered to the name of the owner.

268. A trainer shall not register a stable name.

269. A person can have only one stable name at the same time and so long as he has a registered stable name, he shall not race a horse except under that name.

270. If the horses of a partnership are run in the name of a member of a partnership such name need not be registered as a stable name, but all horses of the partnership shall be run under that name.

271. A stable name shall be readily distinguishable from that of another designated stable name.

272. A corporate name shall be registered as a stable name for the purposes of the Act but the Commission reserves the right to refuse any corporation the privileges of registering a stable name.

273. No stable name shall be used for advertising or commercial purposes.

PART 30

PARTNERSHIPS

274. Partnerships or changes in partnerships shall be registered with the Commission.

275. Partnership papers shall, among other things, set forth the following:

- (a) The name and address of every person having any interest in the horses involved;
- (b) The relative proportions of such interests;
- (c) To whom the winnings are payable;
- (d) In whose name the horses shall run;
- (e) With whom the power of entry and declaration rests;
- (f) The terms of any contingency, lease or other similar arrangements.

276. All partnership papers shall be signed by all parties or their authorized agents.

277. In case of emergency, authority to sign declarations of partnership may be given to the racing secretary by a telegram promptly confirmed in writing.

278. The part owner of any horse shall not sell or assign his share or any part of it without the written consent of the other partners and such consent shall be filed with the Commission.

279. An alteration in a recorded partnership registration, to be effective shall be reported in writing to the Commission and signed by all the partners.

280. All parties to a partnership and each of them shall be jointly and severally liable for all stakes, forfeits and other obligations.

PART 31

AUTHORIZED AGENTS

281. All documents by which an owner appoints an authorized agent shall be registered with the Commission.

282. Any change in or revocation of such appointment shall be in writing, signed by the owner and filed with the Commission.

PART 32

COLOURS

283. All racing colours carried in races shall be registered annually, or for life, with the Commission.

284. Any disputes between claimants to the right of particular racing colours shall be decided by the Commission.

PART 33

CLAIMING

285. In claiming races any horse is subject to claim for its entered price by any one registered in good faith for racing at that meeting and also starting a horse at that meeting (such starter includes all horses that go to the post up to and including the race in which the claim is made) or by his authorized agent, but for the account only of the owner making the claim, or for whom the claim was made by the agent; provided, however, that no person shall claim his own horse or cause his horse to be claimed directly or indirectly for his own account.

22 HANITOBA RULES OF RACING

285. If any owner shall lose all his horses by accident, remove all his horses from the grounds of the association he shall have no right to claim under Rule 285.

286. If a horse is claimed it shall not start in a claiming race for a period of 14 days from the date of claim for a claiming price less than:

1. \$1,000.00 more than the amount for which it was claimed, if claimed for less than \$2,000.00; or

\$500.00 more than the amount for which it was claimed, if claimed for \$2,000.00 or more.

This Rule applies only to the racing season during one calendar year.

288. No one may claim more than one horse out of any one race.

289. If a horse is claimed, it shall not be sold or transferred to anyone in whole or in part except in a claiming race, for a period of 30 days from the date of claim, nor shall it, unless required, remain in the same stable or under the control or management of its former owner or trainer for a like period.

290. When a horse is claimed at a recognized association under rules which are at variance with these Rules, title to such horse shall be recognized in Manitoba to follow the rules of the association in which the claim was made.

291. The claiming price of each horse in a claiming race shall be the entered claiming price.

292. All claims shall be signed, sealed, the date and number of the race written on the envelope and deposited in a locked box provided for that purpose at the paddock, at least 15 minutes before post time of the race to which the claim is made. If any claims have been filed, such claims shall be delivered to the stewards before the running of each race. No money shall accompany the claim. If more than one person shall enter a claim for the same horse, the disposition of the horse shall be decided by lot by one of the stewards or his deputy, and the person so determined to have the right of claim shall become the owner of the horse, whether it be alive or dead, sound or unsound, or injured during the race or after it. Any horse that has been claimed, shall be taken to the paddock for delivery to the claimant after the race has been run.

293. Title to a claimed horse shall vest in the successful claimant from the time the stall doors of a starting gate open in front of such horse, at the time the starter dispatches the horses in a valid start.

294. Each horse shall run for the account of the person in whose name it starts.

295. When a claim has been lodged it is irrevocable, and is at the risk of the claimant.

296. If the stewards should be of the opinion that any person is claiming a horse for the benefit of another they may require him to make an affidavit that he is not doing so.

297. Any person refusing to deliver a claimed horse shall be suspended and his case referred to the Commission and such horse shall be disqualified until it is delivered to the purchaser.

298. No person shall offer or enter into an agreement to claim or not to claim or attempt to prevent another person from claiming any horse in a claiming race; nor shall any person attempt by intimidation to prevent anyone from running a horse in any race for which it is entered; nor shall any owner or trainer running horses in any claiming race make any agreement for the protection of his or any other person's horses.

299. No person or persons shall enter or allow to be entered in a claiming race a horse against which any claim is held, either as mortgage bill of sale, or lien of any kind, unless when or before entering the horse the written consent of the holder of the claim shall be filed with the racing secretary where the horse is entered, and a copy with the Secretary of the Horsemen's Benevolent and Protective Association.

300. All claims shall be on forms and contained in envelopes furnished by the Association.

301. Only one claim from owners having the same trainer will be allowed for any one horse in any one race.

302. Any owner who loses his last horse by claiming, may nevertheless claim (if he is otherwise eligible to do so) for 30 racing days after he has lost his last horse.

303. When a horse has been claimed and a saliva, urine or blood test subsequently discloses that an improper medication or drug was administered and the stewards suspend such horse from racing, such suspension shall remain in effect until it is rescinded by the Commission.

PART 34

ENTRIES

304. A horse shall not be qualified to start in any race unless it has been and continues properly to be entered therein.

305. For all races, the racing secretary or his deputy are the only persons authorized to receive entries and declarations.

306. Entries and declarations shall be made in writing and signed by the owner of the horse, or his authorized agent or some person deputized by him, and each Association shall provide forms on which entries and declarations are to be made.

307. The owner or trainer shall claim all weight allowances at the time of entry and the claimant shall be responsible should a horse be started carrying an incorrect weight and is accordingly disqualified.

308. Entries may be made by telephone or telegraph, but shall be confirmed promptly in writing.

309. No person not having an interest in a horse, equal at least to the interest or property of any other one person, is entitled to enter the horse in a race as the owner.

310. Subscriptions and entries may be made by any one of equal partners. However, all partners and each of them shall be jointly and severally liable for all fees and forfeits.

311. If entered for the first time at a meeting a horse shall be identified by stating its name, colour, sex and age, and the name of its sire or sires and dam as registered. Such description of such horse shall be repeated at each entry until the horse and description of such horse have been published in the Association's daily programme or the list of entries of an Association. In every race thereafter, sufficient description shall be deemed to be provided if the name, colour, sex and age of a horse is furnished.

312. The entries of any person, or transfer of any entry, may be refused without either notice or reason being given.

313. If a horse's name is changed, its new name shall be registered with the Jockey Club (New York) and its old, as well as its new name, shall be given in every entry list until it has run three races, and both names must be printed in the official programme for those three races.

314. At the time of entry of a horse starting for the first time at any meeting, a certificate of registration showing the tattoo number of the horse shall be demanded by the racing secretary, and the horse shall not race unless it is produced.

315. No horse shall be entered or permitted to start unless:

- (a) It is duly registered with and approved by the Registry Office of the Jockey Club (New York) and its registration certificate, showing its tattoo number, is filed with the Association; and
- (b) It is owned by a licensed owner and is in the care of and saddled by a licensed trainer.

316. No horse shall be permitted to start unless it has been tattooed and fully identified. The stewards may make an exception in the case of a two-year-old which has not been tattooed but has otherwise been fully identified.

317. All ownerships in a horse, except a trainer's percentage of its winnings, shall be filed with the racing secretary, before the horse shall start, as also shall every subsequent change in ownership during the meeting.

318. The holder of a claim, whether it be a mortgage, bill of sale or lien of any kind against a horse, shall file it with the racing secretary and the secretary of the Horsemen's Benevolent and Protective Association, before the horse is entered. Failure of a claimant to do shall forfeit his rights in the winnings of the horse before his claim is filed.

319. To compete in a race a horse must be eligible at the time of taking entries for that race.

320. No horse owned by a partnership shall be permitted to enter or to start until the Rules for the registration of partnerships have been complied with.

321. A horse shall not be qualified to be entered, or to start in any race, if owned in whole or in part, or if under the management, directly or indirectly, of a disqualified person.

322. If any entry from a disqualified person or of a disqualified horse is received, such entry shall be void and any money paid for such entry shall be returned if the disqualification is disclosed 45 minutes before post time for the race. Otherwise, such money shall be paid to the winner.

323. No horse shall be allowed to enter or start in any race if the owner of that horse is in arrears, except with the approval of the stewards.

324. Except in stakes races and races which are conditioned for horses eligible for a specified stakes and other races which underfill, no more than two horses of the same ownership or interest shall be entered in a race and both may start.

325. A horse shall not be entered in more than one race on any one day, unless one of the races entered is a stakes race in which event it may be entered in two races.

326. In divided races the starters in the separate divisions shall be determined by lot.

327. Each Association shall have the right to withdraw or change any unclosed race.

328. If a race is declared off because of insufficient entries, the Association may split any overnight race.

329. An entry of a horse in sweepstakes is a subscription to the sweepstakes. An entry or subscription may, before the time of closing, be altered or withdrawn.

330. Entrance money is not refunded on the death of a horse, nor its failure to start.

331. The nominator is liable for the entrance money or stakes, and a mistake in the entry of a horse when eligible does not release the subscriber or transferee from liability for stakes or entrance money.

332. Entries shall be closed at an advertised time, and no entry accepted thereafter. The racing secretary, however, may postpone closing of overnight races.

333. In the absence of notice to the contrary, entries and declarations for sweepstakes which close during or the day before a meeting, close at the office of the racing secretary who shall make arrangements accordingly. At all other times, closing for sweepstakes shall be at the offices of the Association.

334. When an hour for closing is designated, entries and declarations for sweepstakes cannot be received afterwards; but if an hour is not designated, they may be mailed or telegraphed up to midnight of the day of closing, provided they are received in time for compliance with every other condition of the race.

335. If a miscarriage of any entry or declaration in a stakes is alleged, satisfactory proof that it was mailed or telegraphed must be received within a reasonable time or it shall not be received.

336. Entries which have closed shall be compiled without delay by the racing secretary and conspicuously posted.

337. In the event the number of entries in a overnight race is in excess of the number of horses that may, because of track limitation be permitted to start, the starters for the race shall be determined by lot in the presence of those making entries and the post position shall be in the order in which they are drawn; the same method shall be employed in determining the starters and post positions in split races.

338. Entry of any horse which has been excused from starting on account of sickness or physical disability will not be accepted for 48 hours after being so excused and then only on approval by the Commission Veterinarian and the stewards.

339. When any horse is excused from starting because of unsoundness, such horse shall be worked before the Commission Veterinarian and certified racing-sound by him to the stewards before its subsequent entry shall be accepted.

340. Owners entering horses that have campaigned in countries other than Canada and the United States of America shall at the time of entry deliver to the racing secretary a record of all past performances of such horses in races wherever run in the current and next previous year for dissemination to the press and the public; provided, however, that if the owner is not in Manitoba, the trainer of such

horses shall comply with this Rule on his behalf. Otherwise, the entry of such horses shall not be accepted, unless with the permission of the Commission.

PART 35

DECLARATIONS AND SCRATCHES

341. In stakes races, if a horse is not named through the entry box the day before the race at the usual time of closing the horse is automatically out.

342. The declaration of a horse out of an engagement is irrevocable.

343. A scratch from a stakes race shall be made no less than 45 minutes before post time of the race.

344. No withdrawal, without the permission of the stewards, shall be allowed from a race that is included in the Daily Double or in the Quinella if such withdrawal would have the effect of reducing the number of entries in the race to less than ten separate entries.

PART 36

RACING PLATES

345. For racing, all horses shall be shod with racing plates, unless otherwise permitted by the stewards.

346. A horse may be shod with bar plates for racing with the permission of the stewards and it shall continue to be so shod for racing until such permission is revoked.

PART 37

QUALIFICATION OF STARTERS

347. When a horse which is not stabled on the track where racing is being conducted arrives on a track to race, the trainer or his attendant shall so inform the receiving barn attendant at least an hour before post time and the receiving barn attendant shall inform the appropriate officials.

348. A trainer shall have his horse in the paddock at least 20 minutes before post time.

349. A horse is a starter for all purposes of the Rules when the stall doors of the starting gate open in front of it at the time the starter despatches the horses in a valid start.

350. The stewards may permit the withdrawal of any horse after weighing out for any reason which may seem adequate to them in conformity with the usages of the turf.

PART 38

WEIGHING OUT

351. Jockeys shall be weighed out for their respective mounts in each race by the clerk of the scales not less than ten minutes before the time fixed for the race. In case of a substitution of a rider after the original rider has been weighed out, the substitute rider shall be weighed as promptly as possible and the name of the substitute and his weight publicly announced and posted.

352. A jockey's weight shall include his clothing, boots, saddle-cloth, saddle-pad, lead, pommel pad, overgirth and the saddle and its attachments.

353. None of the following items shall be included in a jockey's weight: whip, head number, number cloth, cap, blinkers and safety helmet.

354. Only jockey's valets shall be permitted to assist jockeys in weighing out.

PART 39

PADDOCK TO POST

355. Permission shall be obtained from a steward to exercise a horse between races.

356. When a horse is being so warmed up, it shall be identified over the loud speaker system.

357. In a race, each horse shall carry a conspicuous saddle-cloth number and a head number, corresponding to its number on the official programme.

358. The elapsed time of the post parade, starting when the lead pony enters the racing strip from the paddock and ending when the first horse enters the starting gate, shall be determined by the stewards.

359. After the horses enter the racing strip, no jockey shall dismount and no horse shall be entitled to the care of an attendant without consent of the stewards or the starter and the horse must be free of all hands other than those of the jockey or assistant starter before the starter releases the doors of the gate.

360. In case of accident to a jockey or to his mount or equipment, the stewards or the starter may permit the jockey to dismount and the horse to be cared for during the delay, and may permit all jockeys to dismount and all horses to be attended during the delay.

361. If a jockey is thrown on the way from the paddock to the post, the horse shall be remounted, returned to the point where the jockey was thrown, and then ridden over the route of the parade to the post.

362. If the jockey is so injured on the way to the post as to require another jockey, the horse may be taken to the paddock, another jockey obtained, and then ridden over any uncompleted portion of the exact route of the parade to the starting point.

363. If a horse leaves the course while moving from paddock to post, it shall be returned to the course at the nearest practical point to that at which it left the course, and its jockey shall complete his parade to the post from the point at which it left the course.

PART 40

RULES OF THE RACE

364. When clear, a horse may be taken to any part of the track, but if the horse swerves or is ridden to either side so as to interfere with, intimidate or impede any other horse, it is a foul, and such horse may be disqualified, if in the opinion of the stewards it altered the finish of the race.

365. If in a race a horse leaves the course, it shall be disqualified.

366. If a horse or jockey jostles another horse, the aggressor may be disqualified, unless the jostled horse or his jockey was partly at fault or the jostling was wholly caused by some other horse or jockey.

367. During a race no jockey shall wilfully strike or touch another jockey or another jockey's horse or equipment for the purpose of interfering with that horse or jockey.

368. (a) In determining the extent of disqualification of a horse in any race, the stewards may place the disqualified horse behind such horse as in their judgment the disqualified horse interfered with, or they may place it last.

(b) Where a horse of one ownership or interest is coupled with a horse or horses of the same or another ownership or interest, the disqualification of one will not necessarily affect the placing of the other.

369. Protests under any Rule in this Part shall be made only by the owner, trainer or jockey of the horse alleged to be aggrieved, and shall be made to the stewards or the clerk of the scales before or immediately after weighing in. But nothing in this Part shall prevent the stewards from taking such action as they may see fit in accordance with the Rules.

370. Any jockey against whom a foul is claimed shall be given the opportunity of appearing before the stewards before any penalty is imposed by them.

371. A jockey whose horse has been disqualified or who unnecessarily causes his horse to change his stride with a view to complaint, or an owner, trainer or jockey who makes a frivolous protest may be fined or suspended.

372. If the stewards are satisfied that the riding in any race was wilfully foul or that any jockey was instructed or induced so to ride, all persons guilty of complicity shall be suspended and the matter reported to the Commission.

373. If a race has been run by all the horses at the wrong weights or over a wrong distance and if a protest is made and allowed before the flashing of the "Official" sign on the totalisator board, the stewards shall declare the race no contest.

374. Every horse shall be ridden out in a race unless it has been injured or is obviously suffering from some physical impairment.

PART 41

DEAD HEATS

375. When two or more horses run a dead heat, the dead heat shall not be run off.

376. The owners of the horses in a dead heat shall divide equally the purse money involved.

377. In a dead heat, each horse shall be considered a winner of the amount received according to the preceding rule.

378. When a dead heat is run for second place and a protest is made against the winner of the race, and allowed, the horses which ran the dead heat shall be deemed to have run a dead heat for first place.

379. Owners of horses in a dead heat shall divide equally all monies and other prizes and if no agreement can be reached as to which of them shall receive a cup, plate or other indivisible prize, they shall draw lots for it in the presence of one or more of the stewards.

PART 42

WEIGHING IN

380. After a race has been run and after a jockey has pulled up the horse he has ridden, he shall ride to a place below the stewards' stand and upon obtaining permission from the stewards to dismount, shall do so, and unsaddle his horse ten feet out from the place indicated by its number and present himself to the clerk of the scales to be weighed in.

381. If a jockey is prevented from riding his mount to the stewards' stand because of an accident to, or illness of, either himself or his horse, he may walk or be carried to the scales, or he may be excused by the stewards from weighing in.

382. Except by permission of the stewards, every jockey shall, upon returning to the stewards' stand, unsaddle the horse he has ridden, and no person shall touch such horse except by its bridle.

383. No person shall assist a jockey in removing from his horse the equipment that is to be included in the jockey weight, except by permission of the stewards.

384. No person shall throw any covering over any horse at the place of dismounting until the jockey has removed the equipment that is to be included in his weight.

385. No jockey shall, before weighing in, willfully touch any person or thing, other than the equipment that is to be included in his weight.

386. Each jockey shall, in weighing in, carry to the scales all pieces of equipment with which he weighed out. Thereafter he may hand them to his attendant.

387. After and not until the jockeys riding the first four horses to finish have been weighed in and found to have carried the correct weight, the clerk of the scales shall so notify the stewards, who shall, upon receipt of such notice, promptly display the "Official" sign declaring the result of the race.

388. Each jockey shall weigh in at the same weight as that at which he weighed out, and if short of it by more than two pounds his mount shall be disqualified.

389. No jockey shall weigh in at more than two pounds over the weight at which he weighed out, except insofar as such weight may have been affected by the elements. Unless such weight has been affected by the elements, such jockey's mount shall be disqualified.

PART 43

URINE TESTS

390. Urine samples shall be taken from the winning horses of every race and such other horses as the stewards or the Commission Veterinarian may direct.

391. Such samples shall be designated as official samples and they shall be sealed in the presence of the trainer or his accredited representative and an official receipt signed by such person to indicate that the sample is a true and proper sample from the horse in question.

392. If a urine test is abandoned such information shall be reported to the stewards immediately upon abandonment.

PART 44

CANADIAN BRED HORSES

393. (a) Canadian bred horses, to be eligible to enter and start in Canadian bred races, or to receive Canadian bred weight allowances in other races, shall have their Canadian registration papers or recorded numbers thereof, on file with the Association and the trainers of such horses shall be responsible for filing such papers or such recorded numbers.

(b) A weight allowance of five pounds will be made for Canadian bred two and three-year-olds and five pounds for older Canadian bred horses in all races except handicaps and stakes.

PART 45

ENGAGEMENTS AND THEIR TRANSFERS

394. If a horse is sold by private sale or public auction, a written acknowledgment of both parties is necessary to prove the fact that it was sold with its engagements, but when a horse is claimed out of a claiming race, the horses's engagements are included.

395. Subscriptions and all entries or rights of entry are valid when a horse is sold with its engagements duly transferred; in duly registered partnerships when subscriptions, entries and rights of entries survive in the remaining partners; and when entries under a decedent's subscription have been made previous to the decedent's death by the transfer of the right of entry.

396. Subscriptions and all entries or rights of entry under them become void on the death of a subscriber, except in cases of duly registered partnerships, or except upon sanction of the stewards, when the personal representative of an Estate shall in writing, request that the benefits of such accrue to the Estate of the decedent subscriber for the privileges of transfer, and shall agree to assume any and all obligations incident to the original entries.

397. In case of any transfer of a horse with its engagements, such horse will not be eligible to start in any stakes, unless at the usual time of the running of the stakes, or before, the transfer of the horse and its engagements shall be exhibited upon demand to the racing secretary.

398. No person shall make or receive the transfer of a horse or engagement for the purpose of avoiding disqualification.

399. So long as the name of a person is on the arrears list no engagements shall be transferred to or accepted by him and no horse shall be entered by him or under his subscription for any race.

400. Should a horse be sold with its engagements, or any part of them, the seller shall not strike the horse out of any such engagements.

PART 46

POLICING OF TRACKS

401. Each Association shall police its grounds at all times in such a manner as to prevent the admission of any person in and around the stables excepting those having valid business or duly licensed by the Commission.

402. All Associations shall before appointing any track police officer, gateman or watchman, secure approval of such appointment from the Commission.

PART 47

TRADESMEN'S ACCOUNTS

403. If a tradesman is owed a sum of money by any horseman for services rendered, he may deliver particulars of the indebtedness to the stewards, who shall then deliver written notice to the owner and trainer of the horses in respect of which the services were rendered, forbidding them to move their horses from the grounds of the racing association where they are stabled.

404. Should the horseman move any of his horses, or permit them to be moved, in defiance of such order, the stewards shall take such action as they deem proper and report the matter to the Commission.

405. Should the horseman involved dispute the tradesman's bill, or the amount of it, the stewards shall forthwith report the matter to the Commission.

406. Should the horseman pay the tradesman's account after he has received the written order forbidding him to move his horses, he should get a receipt in full from the tradesman concerned and deliver it to the stewards, who shall then give the horseman a written memorandum permitting him to move his horses from the grounds of the racing association.

407. The stewards shall promptly report their activities with respect to Tradesmen's Accounts to the Commission in writing.

PART 48

CORRUPT PRACTICES

408. No person shall give, offer, or promise directly or indirectly, either on his own behalf or on behalf of another, any bribe, gift or gratuity in any form, for the purpose of improperly influencing the result of a race, or which would tend to do so.

409. No racing official or his assistant, no owner, trainer, jockey, agent, no person having charge of or access to any race horse, nor any other person shall accept or offer to accept on

his own behalf or on behalf of another, any bribe, gift or gratuity in any form to influence the result of a race or which would tend to do so.

410. No person shall wilfully enter, or cause to be entered, or start a horse which he knows or believes to be ineligible or disqualified.

411. No person shall offer or receive money or any other benefit for declaring an entry from a race.

412. No person shall be a trainer or part owner of any horse in which a jockey has a proprietary interest.

413. No person shall make a bet for the account of any jockey except the owner or trainer of the horse the jockey is riding, and then only on that horse.

414. No person shall offer or give a jockey any money or other benefit in relation to a race, unless that person is the owner or trainer of the horse ridden in that race by that jockey.

415. No electrical or mechanical device or other expedient designed to increase or decrease the speed of a horse (or that would tend to do so) other than the ordinary whip, shall be possessed by any one or applied by any one to a horse at any time on the grounds of an Association during a meeting whether in a race or otherwise.

416. No person shall improperly tamper or attempt to tamper with any horse in such a way as to affect its speed in a race.

417. No person except the jockey concerned shall assume or pay, directly or indirectly, a fine imposed upon a jockey.

418. No outrider or jockey's valet shall make a bet on any race nor shall he place a bet for anyone else.

419. No person shall aid, abet, counsel or conspire with any other person in the violation of the Rules and should he do so, he will be regarded as culpable as the principal.

420. No person, except physicians, the Commission Veterinarian or veterinarians licensed by the Commission, within the grounds of a race track where race horses are lodged or kept, shall have in or upon the premises which he occupies or has the right to occupy, or in his personal property or effects, any hypodermic syringe, hypodermic needle or any other device which could be used for the injection or infusion into a horse of any substance designed to change its form without first securing written permission from the stewards.

421. The Commission, all persons operating race tracks or conducting race meetings, any one of the stewards and the Association's Investigator shall have the right to permit a person or persons authorized by any of them to enter in or upon the buildings, rooms, vehicles or other places within the grounds of any racing Association to examine, search and inspect them and the personal property and effects of any persons in or upon such places.

422. Every person who is granted a license by the Commission by accepting his license, consents to the examination, search and inspection referred to in Rule 421 hereof, and to the seizure of any hypodermic syringes, hypodermic needles or any other device described in Rule 420 hereof, and all drugs and medicaments of any kind which might be in his possession.

423. The results of any examination, search, inspection or seizure described in these Rules shall be daily reported orally to the stewards and at the end of each race meeting to the Commission in writing by the person who ordered such examination, search or inspection.

PART 49

PROTESTS AND APPEALS

424. Every protest shall be made by the owner, trainer or jockey of the horse affected by the subject matter of the protest, or by a steward or any racing official, to the clerk of the scales or to the stewards.

425. A protest, except a claim arising out of happenings in the running of a race, shall be made in writing, signed by the complainant and delivered to the stewards.

426. A protest shall not be withdrawn without leave of the stewards.

427. When a race is in dispute, both the horse which finished first and any horse on whose behalf the race is claimed shall be liable to all penalties attaching to the winner of that race until the dispute is settled.

428. Every protest shall be finally determined by the stewards, but an appeal shall lie to the Commission on matters of interpretation of the Rules or on any matter other than a question of fact. Notice of appeal shall be given in writing to the Commission within 48 hours of the decision becoming known.

429. All costs and expenses incurred in determining a protest or conducting an enquiry shall be paid by such person and in such proportions as the Commission or the stewards, as the case may be, may direct.

430. If a protest that a horse is ineligible is delivered to the stewards at least one hour before post time of the race in question, the stewards shall give such protest immediate consideration. In default of proof at least 30 minutes before post time of the race in question that the horse is qualified to start, it may be disqualified from starting.

431. A protest respecting the distance of a race shall be delivered to the stewards at least one hour before post time of the race in question.

432. A protest arising out of the happenings in the running of a race shall be made before the placing of the horses for that race has been officially confirmed.

433. A protest alleging fraud may be delivered at any time.

434. Before considering a protest, the stewards may require a deposit of \$25.00 which shall be forfeited to the Commission if they consider the protest to be frivolous or vexatious.

435. Pending the determination of a protest, any money or prize won by the owner of the horse with respect to which the protest is made, and any other money affected by the outcome of the protest, shall be withheld by the Association until the protest is determined.

436. A protest on the ground:

- (a) of misstatement, omission or error in the entry under which a horse has run; or
- (b) that a horse which ran was not the horse or was not of the age which it was represented to be at the time of entry; or
- (c) that a horse was not qualified under the conditions of the race or by reason of default, was entered in the forfeit list; or
- (d) that a horse has run in contravention of the Rules;
- (e) not otherwise provided in the Rules shall be made within 48 hours after the finish of the race with respect to which the protest is made, excluding Sunday.

437. If a protest against a horse which has won or placed is allowed, and a race or place is awarded to another horse, the money for such race shall be distributed in accordance with the final placing. The eligibility of all horses which ran in the race, which may run in a subsequent race pending determination of the protest, shall not be affected in any way.

438. Pending the determination of a protest, any money held by the Association as the price of a horse claimed in a claiming race (if affected by the protest) or pursuant to the provisions of Rule 435 shall be withheld until the protest is determined.

439. When, after the posting of the "Official" sign immediately after a race has been run, a horse is disqualified as a result of a protest, or by reason of a positive blood, saliva or urine test, such disqualification shall in no way affect the wagering on the race.

PART 50

JOCKEY'S FEES

440. Jockey's riding fees, in the absence of a contract, shall be as prescribed by the Racing Association.

PART 51

WEIGHT PENALTIES AND ALLOWANCES

441. The following weight shall be carried when not stated in the conditions of a race.

Dist.	Age	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.
½ Mile	2 Yrs.	—	—	—	105	108
	3 Yrs.	121	123	125	126	127
	4 Yrs.	130	130	130	130	130
	5 Yrs. & Over	130	130	130	130	130
6 Fur.	2 Yrs.	—	—	—	102	105
	3 Yrs.	119	121	123	125	126
	4 Yrs.	130	130	130	130	130
	5 Yrs. & Over	130	130	130	130	130
1 Mile	2 Yrs.	—	—	—	—	96
	3 Yrs.	113	115	117	119	121
	4 Yrs.	126	126	126	126	126
	5 Yrs. & Over	126	126	126	126	126
1¼ Mile	2 Yrs.	—	—	—	—	—
	3 Yrs.	111	113	116	118	120
	4 Yrs.	126	126	126	126	126
	5 Yrs. & Over	126	126	126	126	126
1½ Miles	2 Yrs.	—	—	—	—	—
	3 Yrs.	108	111	114	117	119
	4 Yrs.	126	126	126	126	126
	5 Yrs. & Over	126	126	126	126	126
2 Miles	3 Yrs.	106	109	112	114	117
	4 Yrs.	126	126	126	125	125
	5 Yrs. & Over	126	126	126	125	125

442. In races of shorter lengths than one-half mile, the weights for one-half mile shall be carried.

443. In races of intermediate lengths, the weights for the next shortest distance shall be carried.

444. In races exclusively for two-year-olds the weight shall be 122 pounds.

445. No two-year-old shall compete in an all-age race before September 1 in any year.

446. In races exclusively for three-year-olds or four-year-olds, the weight shall be 126 pounds.

447. The minimum weight shall be 95 pounds in any race.

448. Except in handicaps and races where the conditions expressly state to the contrary, fillies two years old shall be allowed three pounds; mares and fillies three years old or over shall be allowed five pounds before September 1 in any year, and three pounds thereafter.

449. Horses penalized in a race shall not be entitled to an allowance in that race.

450. Horses not entitled to the first allowance in a race shall not be entitled to the second allowance, and if not entitled to the second allowance, shall not be entitled to any subsequent allowance.

451. A claim for allowance to which a horse is not entitled will not disqualify a horse unless persisted in at the weighing in.

452. No allowance shall be made to a horse for not having won one or more races, provided, however, that this Rule shall not prohibit maiden allowances or allowances to horses which have not won within a specified time or which have not won races of a specified value.

453. No horse shall be penalized, nor shall it be barred from any race, for having placed second or lower in any race.

454. Penalties and allowances are not cumulative, unless so declared by the conditions of a race.

PART 52

GENERAL RULES

455. Every license issued to any licensee by the Commission is issued on the condition that the licensee, his employees, servants and agents who may be concerned with racing, shall accept, observe and enforce the Rules.

456. Every person participating in and every patron of a meeting shall abide by the Rules and accept the decisions of the stewards on all matters to which their authority extends, subject to the right of appeal to the Commission, and shall accept as final the decisions of the Commission.

457. The Commission may reject the application of an applicant for a license or may revoke the license of a licensee if it finds that such applicant or licensee is consorting with criminals, bookmakers, touts or other undesirable persons.

458. Fines imposed by the Commission, the stewards and the starter are payable forthwith, upon their imposition. A licensee who fails to pay such fine shall automatically become suspended on the second day following the imposition of the fine and he shall remain suspended until the fine is paid.

459. Commission officials and employees shall not drink alcoholic beverages while on duty.

460. Members of the Commission and its designated representatives in the performance of their duties, shall have the right of full and complete entry to all parts of the grounds and buildings of any Association, whether or not racing is being conducted by the Association at the time.

461. Each Association shall provide within its grounds, an office for the use, and to be at the disposal, of the Commission and its designated representatives.

462. Ignorance of the Rules will not be accepted as an excuse for their violation.

463. Directives of the Commission shall have all the force and effect of the Rules.

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